

Evening Telegraph

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1864.

OBITUARY.

William Curtis Noyes.
This able and distinguished lawyer died at his residence in Fifth avenue, yesterday, at about noon, after an illness of but two days. On the morning of Friday last, in his own room, while dressing to go down to his office, he suddenly experienced a paralytic stroke, and fell prostrate upon the floor. He was carried to his bed, and medical assistance summoned, but it was no, until after 1 o'clock of the day that he recovered sensibility. The usual remedies were applied, and on Saturday his friends thought that he would recover from the attack, as nothing had been done to injure him. But he again experienced a paralytic stroke, and said that it will take a year's treatment to put him on the stage. It is a most singular affair, and requires at least three hundred people for its rendition.

When the new piece, *Maitre Gourin*, was played before the Court at Compiegne, the Emperor especially congratulated Monsieur Lafontaine on the talents which he had played the part of a gay young colonel.

"You wear the uniform admirably," said the Emperor, "and the epaulettes become you."

"I have but one regret in wearing them," replied Lafontaine, "that is that I am not gallant in your Majesty's service,"—a reply which brought a diamond ring to the lucky actor.

Red hair is so much the fashion now that hair-dressers pay for red beards their weight in gold. But, in order to display this somewhat conspicuous hair, it is the fashion to have but one peculiar color in dress, cloak, and bonnet. But one excess into which fashion has fallen has attracted the attention of the comic papers in Paris, that is the fashion of dressing pet monkeys in much the dress of their particular hosts. A maid who wears my pink dress and my pink profile," so that the little animal, conveniently white by nature, is every day made to change his color. Suppose fashion should go a step further, and like to dyeing husbands?

This is an advertising age, but an original way of advertising appeared in a recent monument erected in *Perle la Chaise*:

"In memory of Nathalie Norderre, wife of Jerome, locksmith and manufacturer of ornamental iron. The railing round her monument is from his factory, Rue Godot, No. 7."

It was not until the last few years of his life that Alexandre Dumas had engaged at all in politics. He was a member of the Peace Convention, and took an active part with his fellow-Republicans in the deliberations of that body.

For the last two or three years Mr. Noyes has been engaged in the preparation of the revised code, which he had just been elected President of the New England Society.

Mr. Noyes was highly thought of by the younger members of his profession, to whom he was always kind and generous, not less than his extremely careful preparation made him in those regards their model, as well as friend.

Lacking that native vigor of intellect which marks the best men of our country, Mr. Noyes' career, by comparison, is poor in his administrative efforts. Mr. Noyes' death, nevertheless, makes a vacancy not easy to be filled in the New York bar.

Colonel May.

A brave and chivalrous soldier, a true and high-souled gentleman, an American whose name is indissolubly connected with one of the most brilliant episodes of our national history, passed to his rest in this city on Saturday, the 24th instant.

Colonel Charles A. May, of Maryland, entered the army of the United States during the second presidency of Andrew Jackson, and resigning his commission, returned into politics in this city, where he has since resided, winning an honorable name among our citizens as the active and efficient Vice-President and Superintendent of the Eighth Avenue Railroad Company. But the roll of the army of the Union exists for all time, and the names of patriotic soldiers, who fighting together side by side under the one flag of their fathers, knew no North, no South, no East, no West; but won for the land a common triumph, is a column of names of Conquerors. May, the author of *Resaca de Palma* and of Monterey, is still born foremost among the foremost.

Few names shine more brilliantly than his in the records of the last war waged by Americans against foreign foes, and performed in this city, where he has since resided, winning an honorable name among our citizens as the active and efficient Vice-President and Superintendent of the Eighth Avenue Railroad Company. But the roll of the army of the Union exists for all time, and the names of patriotic soldiers, who fighting together side by side under the one flag of their fathers, knew no North, no South, no East, no West; but won for the land a common triumph, is a column of names of Conquerors. May, the author of *Resaca de Palma* and of Monterey, is still born foremost among the foremost.

A "SQUIRE" AT THE LAKE TUNNEL.—A short time ago the miners employed upon the lake tunnel wished to have a "strike," and declared they would not work for less than five dollars a day. They hinted pretty freely that if their demand was not complied with they would return to Pennsylvania. At the first instance, considered, the contractor told the men that he would not pay such an amount. He proceeded to the Lake Superior lead mines, where he succeeded in hiring all the men he wanted, at three dollars a day. The miners then followed him to the lake tunnel, and at diggings out only twelve feet a day. Since the time the men from Superior have been at work, they have daily averaged about sixteen feet. The "strike" has proved beneficial to the contractors, in this instance at least.—Chicago Times.

INTERESTING FOREIGN NOTES.

Compiled from Foreign Papers for the Philadelphia Evening Telegraph.

Fetis, the great musical professor and critic, was especially designated by Meyerbeer to superintend the rehearsals of the great legacy left to the world by the great composer of *Les Huguenots*, *Robert*, and *L'Africaine*. In order to fulfil the request, Fetis, who was director of the Conservatoire at Brussels, has left that city and taken up his abode in Paris at the expense of the Imperial Government. *Le Figaro* told him that he was to remain in Paris, and said that it will take a year's rehearsal to put him on the stage. It is a most singular affair, and requires at least three hundred people for its rendition.

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BANK NOTICES.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE
PHILADELPHIA, December 10, 1864.

The Annual Election of Directors will be held at the Banking House, on THURSDAY, the 13th day of January next, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 2 P.M.

JOHN A. LEWIS,
Cashier.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PHILADELPHIA.—
FRANKFORT, December 10, 1864.

The Annual Election of Directors will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 10, 1865, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 2 P.M.

W. H. MCNELL,
Cashier.

KENSINGTON NATIONAL BANK.
PHILADELPHIA, December 9, 1864.

An election of Directors will be held at the Banking House, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of January next, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 2 P.M.

W. H. RUBERTON, Jr., Cashier.

WESTERN BANK OF PHILADELPHIA.—
PHILADELPHIA, December 15, 1864.

A general election of Directors will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 10, 1865, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 2 P.M.

W. H. RUBERTON, Jr., Cashier.

FARMERS' & MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK.
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